

SMOOTHER RELAXER

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: PL3600
Product name: SMOOTHER RELAXER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Cosmetic product – cream/paste for hair styling (gum,pomade,paste,wax..)

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Use the product as an hair styling product	-	✓	✓

Uses Advised Against

Do not use other than indicated

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: PROCOSME S.R.L.
Full address: Via San Defendente, 100
District and Country: 20010 BOFFALORA SOPRA TICINO (MI)
ITA
Tel. 029756198
Fax 029756216

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

gmp@procosme.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

Matteo Zanotti Russo
c/o Angel Consulting sas
Via del Commercio 58/15
16167 Genova
tel.3405180274
email: info@angelconsulting.it
Centro antiveleni di Milano (CAV Ospedale Niguarda Ca Granda) H24 02-66101029
Centro antiveleni di Pavia (CAV IRCCS Fondazione Maugeri) H24 0382-24444
Centro antiveleni di Bergamo (CAV Ospedali Riuniti) H24 800-883300
Centro antiveleni di Firenze (CAV Ospedale Careggi) H24 055-7947819
Centro antiveleni di Roma (CAV Policlinico Gemelli) H24 063054343
Centro antiveleni di Roma (CAV Policlinico Umberto I) H24 0649978000
Centro antiveleni di Napoli (CAV Ospedale Cardarelli) H24 0817472870
Centro antiveleni di Catania (CAV Ospedale Garibaldi) H24 800-410989
Centro antiveleni di Genova (CAV Ospedale San Martino) H24 010352808
Centro antiveleni di La Spezia (CAV Ospedale Civile Sant' Andrea) H24 0187533297-0187533376
Centro antiveleni di Lecce (CAV Presidio Ospedaliero n° 1) H24 0832351105
Centro antiveleni di Pordenone (CAV Ospedale Civile) H24 0434550301
Centro antiveleni di Reggio Calabria (CAV Ospedali Riuniti) H24 0965811624
Centro antiveleni di Chieti (CAV Ospedale Santissima Annunziata) H24 0871551219
Centro antiveleni di Ancona (CAV Centro Universitario Ospedaliero di Farmacovigilanza) dalle 7.30 alle 13.30 072181028

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH208	Contains: PARFUM/FRAGRANCE, IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P321	Specific treatment (see . . . on this label).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P264	Wash . . . thoroughly after handling.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SMOOTHER RELAXER**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients****3.1. Substances**

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
DIMETHICONOL		
CAS 541-02-6	$5 \leq x < 10$	
EC 208-764-9		
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119511367-43		
CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE		
CAS 112-02-7	$0,1 \leq x < 1$	Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Corr. 1C H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC 203-928-6		
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119970558-23		
IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA		
CAS 39236-46-9	$0,1 \leq x < 1$	Skin Sens. 1 H317
EC 254-372-6		
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119983788-11-0000		
PARFUM/FRAGRANCE		
CAS	$0,1 \leq x < 1$	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC		
INDEX -		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

SMOOTHER RELAXER

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers well sealed. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Avoid violent blows. Avoid overheating. Avoid contact with water.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

TLV-ACGIH

ACGIH 2018

DIMETHICONOL

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
TLV-ACGIH			10		
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC					
Normal value in fresh water				0,0012	mg/l
Normal value in marine water				0,00012	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment				2,39	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment				0,239	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment				3,34	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		5 mg/kg/d		5 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	4,3 mg/m3	17,3 mg/m3	4,3 mg/m3	17,3 mg/m3	24,2 mg/m3	97,3 mg/m3	24,2 mg/m3	97,3 mg/m3

CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water				0,00068	mg/l
Normal value in marine water				0,000068	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment				9,27	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment				0,927	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms				0,4	mg/l

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

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Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				2,83 mg/kg				
Inhalation				0,98 mg/m3				3,32 mg/m3
Skin								4,7 mg/kg

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	cream/ paste
Colour	white white
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	4,20
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	100 °C
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	> 100 °C
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	not applicable
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0,940 - 0,980 g/mL
Solubility	miscible in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	42420 mPa.s SPINDLE# T-F 12rpm
Explosive properties	not applicable
Oxidising properties	not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 47,02 % - 470,15 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
>2000 mg/kg

IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA

LD50 (Oral) 5200 mg/kg RATTO

LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg CONIGLIO

LC50 (Inhalation) > 5,5 mg/l RATTO

CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal) > 1000 mg/kg

CYCLOPENTASILOXANE

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg RATTO

SMOOTHER RELAXER

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg CONIGLIO

LC50 (Inhalation) 8,67 mg/l/4h RATTO

CETYL ALCOHOL

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg RATTO

STEARYL ALCOHOL

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg RATTO

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg RATTO

DIMETHICONOL

LD50 (Oral) > 24,134 mg/kg RATTO

LC50 (Inhalation) 8,67 mg/l/4h RATTO

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.Contains:PARFUM/FRAGRANCE
IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SMOOTHER RELAXERSTOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA

LC50 - for Fish	220 mg/l PESCI
EC50 - for Crustacea	58 mg/l DAPHNIA MAGNA
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	5,78 mg/l ALGHE VERDI

CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

LC50 - for Fish	> 0,1 mg/l
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,01 mg/l

CYCLOPENTASILOXANE

LC50 - for Fish	0,016 mg/l/96h ONCORHYNCHUS MYKISS
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,0029 mg/l/48h DAPHNIA MAGNA

STEARYL ALCOHOL

LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1000 mg/l/48h DAPHNIA

12.2. Persistence and degradability

CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

Rapidly degradable

STEARYL ALCOHOL

Rapidly degradable

DIMETHICONOL

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

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14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product

Point 3

Contained substance

Point	70	DIMETHICONOL Reg. no.: 01- 2119511367-43
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Point	70	CYCLOPENTASILOX ANE Reg. no.: 01- 2119511367-43
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Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

DIMETHICONOL

Reg. no.: 01-2119511367-43

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

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- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.